

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIMPSON & SCOTT,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
FRANKFORT, KY.,
Office Adjoining Yeoman Building—The same
heretofore occupied by John L. Scott.

Judge JAMES SIMPSON and JOHN L. SCOTT will here-
after practice law in partnership in the Court of
Appeals and Federal Court at Frankfort. Judge
Simpson would respectfully refer all persons who
have known him, either at the bar or as a Circuit
Judge in early life, or more recently as a judge of the
Court of Appeals of Kentucky, to John L. Scott, who
will refer to the persons heretofore referred to by him
in his published card.

All business in the Court of Appeals and Federal
Court entrusted to this firm will receive faithful and
prompt attention.
(ind w&t-wif)

A. J. JAMES,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
FRANKFORT, KY.

Office on West side St. Clair street, near the
Court-house.

JAMES P. MITCHELL,
Attorney at Law,
FRANKFORT, KY.

Will practice in the Court of Appeals. Office on
St. Clair street, over Mrs. Sneed's. (ind w&t-wif)

JOHN RODMAN,
Attorney at Law,
ST. CLAIR STREET.

Two doors North of the Court-house,
FRANKFORT, KY.

CRADDOCK & CRADDOCK,
Attorneys at Law,
FRANKFORT, KY.

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LOUISVILLE ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW CARPET

AND
HOUSE FURNISHING STORE.

MARSHALL & DICKINSON,
Importers & Dealers,

79 FOURTH ST., BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

WE are now opening an entirely new stock, em-
bracing every variety, style, and quality of
handsome

Carpet,
Floor Oil Cloth,
Rugs, Mats,
India & Coco Matting,
Stair Rugs,
Curtains,
Cupboards,
Stair Lino.

Blankets all widths, qualities, and prices. We
also keep on hand and make to order Flags, Tar-
paulins, Mosquito Nets, Bed Comforters, &c., &c. Our
stock being entirely new, and having been selected
with great care, we can offer such inducements in
style, quality, and price as are seldom found west
of the mountains.

MARSHALL & DICKINSON,
79 Fourth St., Lou., Ky.

HART & MAPOTHER,
Lithographers and Fancy Printers,

South-east corner Market and Third Streets,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

EXECUTE in the highest style of the art, every
description of ENGRAVING, LITHOGRAPHING, COLOR
PRINTING, &c., &c.

GRO. H. BARRY, R. L. TALBOTT

CARY & TALBOTT,
SUCCESSORS TO
(BELL, TALBOTT & CO.)

DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES, PAINTS,
Fourth, Louisville, Ky.

Particular attention paid to Physicians' or-
ders.

T. G. WATERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER

IN
BOOTS & SHOES,
S. E. CORNER FOURTH AND MARKET STREETS,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

LOOK AT THIS.

What makes us more go to
the ST. CLOUD HOTEL
for Boots and Shoes?
Because J. G. BARNES
keeps a first class house at
moderate prices.

NATIONAL HOTEL,
Corner Fourth and Main Streets,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

HARROW & PHILLIPS,
IMPORTERS.

Terms, \$1.50 per doz.

STOP THERE!
HALL & HARRIS keep the
United States, formerly the
Owen Hotel.
When you go to Louisville
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MEDICAL REPORT,
Containing Thirty Nine Plates and Engravings
of the Anatomy and Physiology of the Sexual
Organs in a State of Health and
Disease.

Price one ten cents.

Sent free of postage, all parts of the Union.

ON A NEW METHOD OF TREATING
SYPHILIS, GONORRHOEA, STRICTURES,
Gleet, Sexual Debility, Impotency, Female Diseases, and all
affections of the reproductive system
of both sexes, the infirmities
of youth and maturity arising from
the secret follies of both sexes,
with a full treatise on SELF-
ABUSE and SEXUAL WEAK-
NESS, its deplorable consequences upon the mind
and body, pointing out the author's plan of treatment,
the only rational and successful mode of cure as
shown by the reports of cases treated. A truthful
adviser to the married, and those contemplating mar-
riage, who entertain doubts of their physical condi-
tion, send to any address in a sealed wrapper, and
receive a receipt for TEN CENTS.

Those who have contracted a certain venereal disease,
and especially YDOL MEN who have im-
posed themselves by certain secret habits, as well as MID-
DLE AGED and OLD MEN troubled with debility
and loss of power, before applying to any
treatment, should first read this invaluable book.

**DR. DEWEES' FEMALE MONTHLY REGULA-
TOR,** a safe and certain remedy for Obstructions, Ir-
regularities, &c., and is the only reliable "preventive"
of pregnancy, warranted not to injure the health.
CAUTION—It should not be used for any pregnancy,
as miscarriage would be the result, though al-
ways harmless. Price \$1 per box, and may be sent
by mail.

The author may be consulted, either personally or
by letter, on all the diseases of which his work treats,
and medicines sent to all parts of the country with
complete instructions for self-treatment, secured
from danger or curiosity.

DR. T. WILLIAMS,
Consulting Surgeon, Galen's Head Dispensary, 314,
Fifth Street, between Market and Jefferson,
Louisville, Ky.

Office hours from 8 o'clock, A. M. to 9 P. M., daily.
Sundays, 9 to 12 A. M.

"BLACK SOFT HATS"—Something new, light
and stylish for the Spring 1861.

KEENON & GIBBONS.

CINCINNATI ADVERTISEMENTS.

NIXON, CHATFIELD & WOODS,

(Successors to Nixon & Goodman),
Nos. 77 and 79 Walnut street, Cincinnati,

PAPER, CARDS, AND CARD SHEETS,
Printing Inks,

AND PAPER MANUFACTURERS' MATERI-
ALS. Agents for the Magnolia Mills Writing
Papers.

RALPH C. MCCRACKEN,
FASHIONABLE
SHIRT MANUFACTURER,
AND DEALER IN

Fine Linens and Gents' Furnishing Goods,
No. 19, FOURTH ST., BET. MAIN AND WALNUT,
(Opposite the First Presbyterian Church.)
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Shirts Made to Order by Measurement
and Warranted to Fit.

N. B. Measures carefully taken and paper patterns
cut to order for shirts and collars. (ind w&t-wif)

Lithography
AND
ENGRAVING

Portraits, Landscapes, Buildings, Shop Cards,
Bankers' Drafts, Certificates, Letter Heads &c.,
Bonds, Certificates of Stock, Maps, and Book Illus-
trations, Visiting and Wedding Cards.

MIDDLETON, STROUBING & CO.,
119 Walnut street, Odd Fellows' Building,
Cincinnati, Ohio.

JOHN A. BAKER,
MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER

IN
MILITARY GOODS,
No. 63 WALKER STREET, (NEAR BROADWAY),
NEW YORK.

Hats, Caps, Swords, Sashes, Belts, Horse Equipments
and all articles for the Military.

Furnished at short Notice.

The new style of French Felted Caps on hand
and made to order. (ind w&t-wif)

JOHN BONNER,
(Successor to Peter Smith.)

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Fancy Goods, Toys,
CHINA, BASKETS,
Fishing Tackle, Military Goods, &c., &c.,
No. 36 Fifth Street,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

MILLINERY.
BONNETS,
RIBBONS,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
RUCHES,
HEAD DRESSES,
HAIR PINS, CLOAKS,
And other Millinery and Fancy Goods,
of the latest Paris and New York styles, now open at
No. 18 West Fifth street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
J. A. HENDERSON

Commission House.
FRANK, SKINNER & CO.,
No. 85, WEST SECOND ST.,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

RECEIVE AND SELL Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats,
Barley, Beans, Broom Corn, Hops, Flax, Tobacco,
Bulk Meat, Buckwheat, Butter, Cheese, Lard, Grease,
Tallow, Cotton, Leather, Hemp, Tobacco, Dry Hides,
Salt Hides, Gunny Sacks.

Dry Fruits, Timothy, Clover, Flax, and Hemp
Seed, and Produce in General.

Purchase on orders, at lowest market prices, every
description of Merchandise, Whisky, Flour, Tallow,
Grease, Lard, Bulk Meat and Bacon, Sugar and Molasses.

Ship your Produce and draw at sight.

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KEENON & GIBBONS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ASPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

Fancy Articles
CAN BE OBTAINED AT
DR. MILLS' DRUG STORE.
Pomades for the Hair,
Of every style and price, at
Dr. Mills' Drug Store.

Tooth Brushes,
A beautiful assortment, at
Dr. Mills' Drug Store.

Combs,
Of every description and material, at
Dr. Mills' Drug Store.

Hair Brushes,
The largest variety in Frankfort, at
Dr. Mills' Drug Store.

Dental Preparations,
Consisting of Tooth Soaps, Tooth Paste, Tooth Pow-
der, &c., at
Dr. Mills' Drug Store.

Dog Grass Brushes,
For Cloth, Velvet, and Bonnet purposes, at
Dr. Mills' Drug Store.

Fancy Soaps,
Fine Cologne,
Of every price, of all shapes, colors, sizes, and per-
fumes, at
Dr. Mills' Drug Store.

Fine Toilet Bottles,
Beautiful styles of Lubliner, at
Dr. Mills' Drug Store.

Perfumery,
For sale in any quantity, either in bottles suitable
for the toilet, or otherwise, at
Dr. Mills' Drug Store.

Handkerchief Extracts,
The genuine Lubin's, as well as a variety of others
made, in new styles, and at all prices, at
Dr. Mills' Drug Store.

Everything,
In the line of Fancy and Toilet articles, that either
Ladies or Gentlemen can desire, at
Dr. Mills' Drug Store.

Frangipanni Sachels,
To lay in drawers and perfume clothing, at
Dr. Mills' Drug Store.

GOOD NEWS!

To the people of Frankfort and adjoining counties,
I would announce that I have employed a Gun-
smith to carry on the

Gunsmiting Business.

IN ITS
VARIOUS BRANCHES.

At my Tin and Stove Store, St. Clair Street, Frank-
fort, Ky. Repairing done on short notice, and at
reasonable terms for CASH. New work made to or-
der with neatness and dispatch.

Don't forget the thousand G. W. Miller's Tin
and Stove Store, Frankfort, Ky.
G. W. MILLER.

ROBB & DEHONEY
HAVE just received, and opened a handsome and
desirable stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER
DRY GOODS,
To which they invite the attention of their friends
and customers, as they intend to sell

CHEAP FOR CASH
And to prompt time buyers.

SEE THE LABEL
ON THE TOP OF EACH BOTTLE OF
HEIMSTREET'S INIMITABLE
HAIR RESTORATIVE
Has the Signatures of the Proprietors,
W. E. HAGAN & CO.

Every article which has a large and increasing sale
like this is liable to be counterfeited. It is, as its name
implies, entirely "INIMITABLE" as far as its power
to restore the Hair on bald heads, and to give it the
color of youth, (no matter how gray it may be), is
concerned.

USE NO OTHER RESTORATIVE
BUT HEIMSTREET'S.

It is the original, the only reliable, and the
cheapest. See the following testimonials:

W. R. MERWIN, 61 Jackson Street, St. Louis, Mo.,
Advertising Agent for Heimstreet's Hair Restora-
tive.

DEAR SIR: The Medicines you introduced into
our city last winter are all having a large sale, and
giving in every case satisfaction. Mr. James Hen-
derson (one of our first citizens) writes, that he has
used the Hair Restorative, and to the great relief of
the day, but has never used an article equal to HEIM-
STREET'S INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE. That it
for restores the hair on bald heads, and to give it the
color of youth, (no matter how gray it may be), is
concerned.

Respectfully yours,
J. S. SIZER, Wholesale Druggist.

IT IS UNEQUALLED FOR PROMPTING
A LUXURANT HEAD OF HAIR.
See the following testimonials:

W. E. HAGAN & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.

THERE IS NO USE
INTRODUCING TESTIMONIALS,
Altho' we have very many of them.

Extra copies of THE DAILY YEOMAN can be supplied (put up in wrappers ready for mailing) at the rate of \$3 per hundred. All orders for papers should be given the day before the issue of the particular number of the paper which is wanted.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Times says that the object of George D. Prentice in visiting the East is to procure the release of Culbourn Benham, his brother-in-law, who was on his way to attend a law case of considerable importance and in which Prentice is interested, when he was arrested.

The correspondent of the Philadelphia Press says that Senator Bright, of Indiana, who has been supposed to have been in active concert with the rebels, will insist upon taking his seat in the Senate.

According to present indications, the President's Message will not be sent out in advance of its delivery in Congress. The reason for this is probably the fact that, as well as the reports of the Secretaries of War and Navy, will be kept open till the latest moment, in order to make such amendments and alterations as the constantly recurring events may require.

CUMBERLAND GAP.—A letter from the Gap to the Nashville Courier, dated the 17th of November, says the rebels are busily employed in fortifying it and in building huts for winter quarters. The writer boasts that with the force there and close at hand, they can whip 10,000 Lincolnites with ease.

A SMALL SKIRMISH AT BEAUFORT.—It is reported that three companies of General Sherman's command have had a skirmish with the enemy at Beaufort, South Carolina. The rumor is that the rebels appeared in superior force, and the few Federal soldiers who were attacked were compelled to retreat, with a loss of eight men. Our troops are throwing up entrenchments at Beaufort.

The Elizabethtown (Ky.) Zephyr says that Martin H. Cofer, formerly editor of the Elizabethtown Democrat, is reported to have died at Bowling Green, Ky., last week.

We learn that Mr. W. H. H. Scott, Jr., died at the residence of his aunt, Mrs. Arabella Welch, in this city, on Saturday last. Mr. Scott was one of the three months' volunteers from Illinois, and whilst discharging his duty as a soldier, planted the seeds of disease, which developed into consumption. He bore himself with uncomplaining fortitude, and died with his friends around him, at about the 20th year of his age.

A Cotton Moscow.—Will the Southern Planters burn their Cotton.

In Russell's last letter to the London Times we find the following significant paragraph:

"Tobacco is the prop of the French Throne, as cotton is the prop of the English monarchy. But cotton has a good deal to say to the destinies of the Bonaparte dynasty also. It is largely used, not only in the factories of Rouen and the valley of the Seine, and a Mulhouse, but it is essential to the manufacture of numerous fabrics mixed with silk, made by the dangerous people who live in that terrible city of Lyons. M. Belmont, whose visit to the Charleston Convention has had a severe lesson in the seizure of his tobacco at Richmond, and may now feel that his quondam friends are very sincere enemies. But beyond the personal question there is a real conviction that France must succeed in landing at any point in the South, the planters, as a proof of their determination, and as a punishment for non-recognition, will lay their cotton in flames on every acre of their soil threatened by an enemy. I who have seen the fierce beatings of that fevered Southern heart, can well believe in a cotton Moscow, should here does. They will believe in dollars; they are satisfied the planters will yield to so many cents per pound for cotton. Stand by and let us see."

Mr. Russell believes evidently the Southern planters will burn their cotton, if necessary, to prevent its falling into our hands.

The exports of breadstuffs to Europe continue to increase, and last week reached the enormous amount of 1,767,651 bushels of grain and 60,962 barrels of flour, being about 400,000 bushels more than have been shipped during any preceding week this season.

The following was received in this city yesterday evening, from a reliable gentleman in Somerset:

SOMERSET, 7 P. M., Nov. 26.

The rebels are in six miles of us, and we expect them in before morning. The town is in great confusion; men, women, and children leaving. This will probably be your last mail from this place.

Frankfort Commonwealth.

The Legislature of Alabama has appropriated \$150,000 for the construction of a steam ram for the defense of Mobile.

The new oath taken by the Mayor of Alexandria, Virginia, is very stringent:

I solemnly swear that I will support the Constitution of the United States, and the laws made in pursuance thereof, as the supreme law of the land, anything in the Constitution and laws of the State of Virginia, or in the ordinances of the Convention which assembled at Richmond on the 13th of February, 1861, to the contrary notwithstanding; and that I will uphold and defend the Government of Virginia as vindicated and restored by the Convention which assembled at Wheeling on the 11th day of July, 1861. And I further swear that I will faithfully execute the office of Mayor of this city to the best of my abilities, so help me God.

A "religious" novel is announced in England with the odd title, "The World, the Flesh, and the Devil."

In Christian county, Ill., corn is selling at ten cents per bushel, and potatoes at fifteen.

A Tory Organ on the War.

The London Herald, Lord Derby's organ, and the leading representative of the Tory party, talks in the following style relative to a war with the United States:

Our American trade has dwindled almost to nothing. From sixteen millions in nine months it has sunk to five and a half, and it is not likely to increase while the blockade continues, and while the North maintains the Morrill tariff. We do not on this account desire a war, or to depreciate it less than we should have done had the case been otherwise. But in order that Americans should not delude themselves with the idea that they are our best customers, and therefore may behave as they please towards us, it is as well that they should know that we already suffer by their quarrel as much as we should suffer by open war, or nearly so. Taking the principal classes of exports to the United States, we find the falling off during the first nine months of this year to be as follows:

	1860.	1861.	Decrease.
Cotton, &c.	£13,764,452	£1,139,573	£12,624,879
Lacens, Haberdash.	2,421,216	1,433,996	1,387,220
Woolens &c. &c.	2,912,991	1,980,019	1,257,962
Metals, &c.	2,775,102	1,375,311	1,111,651
Total	£19,873,761	£4,928,899	£14,944,862

In consequence, therefore, of the civil war in America, our exports thither have diminished by nearly a half per cent. Our imports thence, of course, will, in the six months to come, with September, the period of the cotton exportation, be still more markedly deficient. By the present state of things, therefore, we lose about three-fourths of our trade with America, and much more than three-fourths of our advantage by that trade. What more could we lose by war? Is not likely that we should gain it? Is there a country in the Northern States so grossly ignorant of the trade between England and America, as not to know that a very large portion of her export trade, and by far the most important portion of her import trade, was with the South, even when through the North. The North, war or no war, is pretty well closed to us by the Morrill tariff. The South, remaining neutral, is closed to us by the Northern ships, which pretend to blockade her coasts, but which would be captured and driven ashore before war between this country and the North had lasted six weeks. If, then, we grant that half our exports and a fourth of our imports were for and from the North, the first are now reduced by at least one half, the latter are still reduced by one-half the same; we have, then, to look to war, one-fourth of our total trade with America as it was in 1860, and we regain at once one-half the export and three-fourths of the import trade, which was done in that year in Southern goods or English goods intended for Southern consumption. So far as trade goes, then, it gives the Americans no hold whatever upon us. First, we have no trade worth keeping with the North; second, war would open to us a most valuable direct trade with the South. Viewed purely from a commercial point of view, it is even possible that a war with Mr. Lincoln's government would be a blessing to the staple manufactures of this country. We trust that our Transatlantic contemporaries will make a note of this fact, and bear in mind that further patience and forbearance Great Britain may show to the reckless and insolent men who unfortunately represent the Northern States, is granted to kindred blood and to institutions free from the stain of slavery, not to trade connection. So long as human beings, we would find much availing in the Northern States the lawless outrages and impudent language of their rulers, and soldiers and officers; but we would not that they should attribute the dignified patience and long-suffering of England to a wrong motive, least of all to a fear of incurring losses which would certainly not suffer by war.

We hope that we shall not be misunderstood; of course we expect to be misrepresented. We are quite aware that certain journals will accuse us of desiring to excite the people of this country to war for the sake of their selfish interests, or to gratify our own "hated of free institutions." We deny the charge now, that we may not be compelled to utter it hereafter. We deprecate war at all times, when war can be avoided without incurring worse disasters—we deprecate, above all wars, a war with a kindred people, where victory is too certain to be glorious, and where every victory must be encouraging to the supporters of a cause detestable to English hearts. But we believe that the only danger to us arises from the violent, temper and unprincipled calculation of certain leaders of public opinion in the Northern States; and we wish to warn them, and their friends in England, that their calculations are utterly unsound; that they have already done to the English people all the mischief in their power, and that to compel us to war would be to render the worst mistakes of their policy already indicated on us. If they understand this in time, we believe peace to be maintainable; but if not, the guilt will rest with those who have forborne as long as forbearance is possible. It is to them, not to us, that remonstrances in favor of peace should be addressed.

Look out for Abolition Petitions.

[From the Columbus (Ga.) Crisis.]

The following petition is being scattered over the North under the frank of Senator Sumner, of Massachusetts! No one can shut his eyes any longer to the designs of these Abolitionists. They are determined to drown this country in blood from end to end, if they are able. There can be no middle ground on a question of this sort, and no might as well face the question first as last. The Union men who voted for John J. Crittenden, in Kentucky, have called a public meeting to denounce such a movement in the North, and every lover of the Union, every friend of humanity, and the peace of his own fireside, should at once openly and unambiguously denounce this Abolitionist design, this terrible fraud upon the great army of the North, called together to "save the Union," not to utterly overrun it with gangs of armed blacks, to lay waste life and property in their progress, or to be shot down in their march like wild beasts of the forest; a live exhibition of the horrors of San Domingo.

Proclaim Liberty throughout ALL THE LAND, TO ALL THE INHABITANTS THEREOF.

To the Congress of the United States:

The undersigned citizens of _____, State of _____, respectfully submit:

That the present civil war, and the rebellion against the General Government manifestly finds its root and nourishment in the system of chattel slavery at the South; as the leading conspirators are slaveholders, who constitute an oligarchy avowedly hostile to all free institutions; and as, in the nature of things, no American slaveholder can maintain the cause of this treasonable revolt; it is permitted to exist; your honorable body is urgently implored to use no time in enacting under the war power, the total abolition of slavery throughout the country—liberating unconditionally the slaves of all who are rebels, and while not recognizing the right of property in man, allowing for the emancipated slaves of such as are loyal to the Government, a fair pecuniary award, in order to facilitate an amicable adjustment of difficulties; and thus to bring the war to a speedy and beneficent termination, and indissolubly to unite all sections and all interests of the country upon the enduring basis of universal freedom.

Very truly,
Your Obedient Servants,

Wm. H. H. Scott, Jr.,

John J. Crittenden,

John J. Crittenden,

John J. Crittenden,

John J. Crittenden,

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The Rebel Case Stated to the Fish-mongers—Speech of Wm. L. Yancey.

[From the London Globe, Nov. 12.]

Mr. Dudley Mann and Mr. W. L. Yancey, two of the Southern Commissioners, now in England, attended the dinner of the Fish-mongers Company on Saturday. Mr. Yancey, in answer to a complimentary toast, made the following speech, which derives interest from the fact that the Minister from the United States was at the same time speaking in Guildhall.

Mr. Yancey said:

Upon the part of Americans I sincerely respond to the sentiment just expressed by the Prince of Wales for the restoration of peace in America. Such a wish proclaimed by a man of the rank and position of the Prince, and kindred corresponding spirit in the bosom of every enlightened and impartial American. The Union American no longer represents a united people. There exists now two American nationalities—the Confederate and the Federal Americans. I am sure you may, perhaps, be aware—a Confederate, or—as the Federal Americans would call it, a rebel. The character of our common fathers, disavowing fully terms—rebel. But the justice and the cause of right of this great Government, promptly committed in France and Spain, speedily wiped out that stigma from our brows, and our countrymen are acknowledged here at least to be belligerents. [Cheers.] Though treated to an enlarged and enlightened view of public law, and not to the verge or favor of England, for this acknowledgment of our unimpeachable rights and *bona fides*, I must freely express here tonight that deep sense of thankfulness which I am sure all my countrymen feel for its early public avowal—*his dicitur*. [Prolonged cheers.] From one tower could I have looked down upon the whole of this country—the principle of self-government is recognized and practiced, however limited with the prerogatives of the crown and the privileges of the aristocracy. To your institutions Americans are indebted for the chief of those vital principles which have caused them to style the republic.

The land of the free
And the home of the oppressed.

Such inviolable rights as the old English bill of rights, a species of trial by jury, freedom of speech and freedom of the press, are the main pillars of American constitutional liberty, and I am both happy and proud to say are observed at least throughout the Confederate American States as vital and practical rights, even during their stern struggles to preserve their "national life." [Cheers.] I feel how unbecomingly it would be to me to utter a word of reproach as the present war merely partial view of the cause, which have broken up the Federal Union. No matter what they may have been, one thing is clear, and that is that the contest now going on is upon the part of the people of the Confederate States for the right to govern themselves, and to resist subjugation by the North. [Cheers.] I feel how unbecomingly it would be to me to utter a word of reproach as the present war merely partial view of the cause, which have broken up the Federal Union. 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